COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS—Jodge Pierce—1. b. Dwight, Assistant District Attorney.—The case of the Commonweatts vs. Charies S. Johnson, charged with the forgery of a deep was resumed alist me rates. In addition to the evidence of the statements is funded by the defendant to Dr. Harper, to the effect that he had paid money for the property to a man who represented that he had authority to sell it, and that he had put a morrage on it to carry out some appendiations, after which he intended to make it all right with Mr. Harper—in addition to this evidence, which was hefere reported, Richard Norris testified that he had received from the defendant on a tono of \$5000, a morragate on the property, one for \$5000, the our of the Survivance on the property, one for \$5000, the our of the Survivance on the property, one for \$5000, the our of the Survivance on the have been forged; and Mr. James tharper, the prosecution, nor had it in his possession, neither had he received many money for it from him.

Limites E. Hims, an insurance agent, testified to the defendant a having taken out policies of insurance on this property in October or November, 1888.

Alderman Thomas testified that in Jamesty or February last the defendant told him that Mr. Harper had given Mr. A sop the papers of this property. Mr. Alsop gav hem to make a december of the survivance in order to have a division line drawn between it and the adjoining property. Mr. Alsop gav hem to make the first of the survivance of the surviva

the first instance to order to labor a division like drawn between it and the adjoining property. Mr. Alsop gav ben to not an acceptance of them.

Mr. Alsop took them and he, the defendant supposed he took them back to Mr. Harper. He also stated, the winces said that the man representing himself as L. E. Harper, to whom see had paid the money, went out after the bargain had been struck, had the deed drawn and brought it back signed; he did not use the word 'e recurso;" he did not read it with any care whitever, and did not see whether Mrs. Harper's signature was on the deed, or not; he merely glanced over it and put it into the fre-proof; the text the man L. K. Harper took the deed to have some memorandum or other taken, and never brought it back.

Mr. Siddall, the conveyancer who draw the deed, testified that the words "James Harper, of the bo ough of Easton, late of the city of Philadelphia," were not instrict in the deed at the Grection of the dereant, but that he drew the deed at his instance.

CITY INTELLIGENCE

I WOR ADDITIONAL LOCAL ITEMS SEE INSIDE PAGES.

FIRES-A STRAMER BADLY DAMAGED, AND FIRES—A STRAMER BADLY DAMAGED, AND J WELLINGS PARTIALLY BURNED.—At half-past 10 o'clock last evening an siarm of fire was struck, which proved to be the partial burning of the steambarge Mount Vernon, lying at pier No. 14, Por Richmond, Before the stermer could get to working, the flames had dam ged the upper works of the vessel, and were making good headway to its total destruction when their provenses was checked. destruction, when their progress was checked. The fire originated in the pilot-house, which is in close proximity to the boiler, the heat of which ignited the wood-work. Tae pilot-house which ignifed the wood-work. The pilot-house and cabin covering were pretty well burned up, but the greatest damage is sustained in the machinery, which was warped. The loss is estimated at about \$3000. No knowledge is had of any insurance. The barge was being loaded with coal, preparatory to a trip to New York. No one was upon it at the time of the fire but a smill by y. Messrs. Jacob W. Curst and John Newcomer were the owners, the former being the Capitalo.

the Capisin.
Arout II o'clock the flames broke out of a seamen's boarding-house, located at No. 748 is wanson street, managed by a mas named James Morrissey. The boarding-house is a two-story frame structure, of long standing, and the wonder is that the whole of it was not destroyed. wonder is that the whole of it was not destroyed. The fire was confined to the rear portion of the premises, and extended through to the roof. The principal damage done was by water, the building and furniture being completely saturated. Several of the boarders had retired for rated. Several of the boarders may retailed the night, and escaped from the building ca

The building adjourning on the south, No. 750, occupied by a rigger named James Graham, who kept a small crocery store, was slightly damaged by fire, and considerably injured by water. Mr. Grabam was insured in the Girard Insurance Company. Both buildings were owned by the same party, and were insured in the North American.

The roof of the dwelling No. 236 Juniper street was alightly damaged by fire, which occurred at 8 o'clock this morning.

Wife Beating.—Robert Mulholland, residing at No. 70 Laurel street, Nineteenth Ward,

was before Recorder Eneu yesterday, charged with beating his wife, Maria Mulholland. It appears that on Sunday last Robert came home and laid down on the settee. Shortly after, his wife went in to see one of her nelghbors. The husband followed, and said he wanted her to come home. She replied that she was not doing any harm; but went home in order to pacify him. As soon as they reached the house he caught hold of and dragged her into the yard, and administered to her a terrible beating, striking her with his fist, and kicking her in the head. The wife stated that they had were married on a Tuesday morning about two years ago, and on the Wednesday following he knocked her down, and has been in the habit of beating her ever since, in a most brutal manner. The Recorder committed most brutal manner. The Recorder committed the heartless brute to prison in default of \$1000

SALE OF STOCES AND REAL ESTATE.-The following stocks and real estate were offered for sale at the Philadelphia Exchange, by James A. Freeman, commencing at noon to-day, with the annexed result:—

92% feet DWELLING-No. Two-story BRICK DWELLING-No.

THE FIRE AT ROCKHILL & WILSON'S CLOTHING STORE.—The origin of the fire at the clething establishment of Messrs. Rockhill & Wilson, on Saturday, was stated in the morning papers to have been caused by electricity, but the investigations of the Fire Marshal establish the fact from the acknowledgment of one of the employer, that it originated in his throwing the ployes, that it originated in his throwing the lighted contents of his pipe into a box of saw-dust. Owing to the efficiency of the police and others, none of the goods were damaged or car-

A BURGLARIOUS TRANSACTION got William Gunter, aged 18, into serious trouble. One night last week he broke a pane of glass from the window of Martin Moran's house, at the northeast corner of Franklin and Thompson streets, and took therefrom clothing to the value of \$15. Last evening he was arrested and held by Alderman Fitch to answer at a further hearing on Saturday. A patent clothes-wringer found in his possession, and supposed to have been stolen, awaits an owner at the Twelfth Dis-

Filver Wedding.—Mr. and Mrs. Moffatt celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of their wedding last evening, at their residence, in Cherry street, above Tenth. A large number of rentives and friends gathered around the has py couple, and tendered their congratula-tions, with handsome and costly presents of alive-ware of almost every description. The who eaffair passed off in the most pleasant manner, and the company departed at mid-right, showering their benizons and good Wishes upon the generous host and fair hostess.

A LITTLE GIRL RUN OVER AND FATALLY IN-JURED.—Last evening a little giri named Catha-rine Snelton, aged nine years, residing at No. 1133 Charlotte street, was run over by a heavy wagon at Third and Poplar streets, and so fatally injured that she died this morning. The driver of the wagon. James Brady, living at Forty first street and Laucaster avenue, was arrested and held by Alderman Shoemsker to answer at a further hearing. The event was purely accidental.

IRISH DEPUTATION. - The farewell meeting to be given to-morrow evening, in the Academy of Music, to the Rev. Drs. Denham and Hall, of the Irish Presbyterian Church, promises to be one of national interest. We understand this will be the last opportunity of hearing these distinguished atrangers. No persons will be admitted without tickets, which are to be had gratuitously at Mr. Ashmead's book store, thesnut, below Elehth street.

ARRESTED UNDER SUSPICIOUS CIRCUMSTANCES. -William Vernon and Robert Mark wood were arrested this morning, on the West Chester road, near Market street, each carrying a num-ber of defunct, half-picked fowls. Alderman Maule committed them to answer at Court.

SCHOMACKER & CO.'S CELEBRATED PIANOS .-Acknowledged superior in all respects to any made in this country, and sold on most reasonable terms. New and second-hand Pianos constantly on hand for rent. Tuning, moving, and packing promptly attended to.

WAREHOOMS NO. 1108 CHESNUT STREET,

OUR INDUSTRIAL INTERESTS.—Messrs. Joseph N. Ruch & Co., at the Shawnese and Kanawha Mills, Frankford, Philadelphia, have put into the market the finest lineys ever yet produced in this country. The fabric henceforth elevates the "Ruch & Co.'s linsey" to the dignity of a stendard dress goods; and the retail trade is discerning that in this labric they have a material of great endurance. of great endurance, of unlading color, and in appearance fully as beautiful as the very best of the imported popilias or Scotch plaids. The styles include a multiplicity of patterns, adapted to every taste. The fabric is even superior to the best linseys imported. Personal supervision of the mills, by Messrs. Ruch & Co., has resulted in a success that is placing their goods upon every counter throughout the Union. The yarns are dyed by a plocess of which the proprietors of the Shawnese and Kanawha Mills hold the secret, and the completed fabric is as soft, and bears a surface as beautiful, as a cachemize d'ecosse. We have seen efforts made to discharge the colors, bu without avail. To supply the demand for the "Ruch & Co.'s goods," we learn requires the running of the mills night and day, while every competent operative applying for employment is immediately secured.

The Shawnese and Kanawha Mills are also

producing ginghams of various qualities, and in colors of guaranteed permanence, that ulti-mately will drive from the market the foreign fatrics, and that are now recognized as standard throughout the trade. Messrs. Ruch & Co. have two of the finest mills upon this continent, and two of the finest mills upon this continent, and to them the country is largely indebted for the development of American industry, and for bringing to the point of perfection the manufacture of such staple fabrics as American lineseys and American ginghams. For neither of these textiles do we now require the aid of foreign looms. The trade throughout the Union will find that, wherever they introduce the "Ruch & Co," linseys and ginghams, the demand will be, as it is wherever they are known, continually upon the increase.

Alpaca and Drap d'Ete Sacks,
Linen and Duck Sacks, White and Colored,
White and Fancy Linen Pents,
White and Fancy Linen Vests,
White Marseilles Vests,
Linen Dustors—large assortment,
All kinds, styles and uses of Summer Goods generally
Half way between BENNETT & CO.,
FIFTH and
SIXTH, Streets.) No. 518 MARKET STREET
PHILADELPHIA,
And No. 600 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

G. S. C. E.

AN unusually large and choice stock of Clothing for spring wear is exhibited by the G. S. C. E. at the present time. We have taken much pains in selecting styles, and in the getting up of our garments this season, and are able to offer to our patrons and the public generally an assortment of Walking Coats, Morning and Evening Coats, Sacks, Spring Overcoats, Vests Evening Coats, Sacks, Spring Overcoats, Vests and Pants of every grade, equal in style, make and finish to the best customer work, and of

course at much lower prices.

For those who prefer to have their Clothing For those who prefer to have their Cloiding made to order, we have a custom department, in charge of cutters whose skill and taste are unexcelled, and supplied with an elegant variety of piece goods of all descriptions. We invite an early call.

Star Clothing Emporium,

No. 609 Chesnut street, above Sixth.

CONGRESSMAN SCHENCE, of Ohio, introduced a resolution into Congress to bestow a vote of thanks on Petroleum V. Nasby for the good he has done the country in general, and, we suppose, Mr. Schenck, in particular. We hope Congress, when it passes that vote, will also pass one of thanks to Charles Stokes & Co., the eminent Clothiers under the Continental, on account of the number of good habits it has spread through the country

PHLEBOTOMY.-When Dr. Sangrado found his patients weak he gave them water gruel. When they got weaker he bled them, and dosed them with calomel and jalap. Gil Blas tells us they almost invariably died. A good many people are killed that way yet. The world in general, however, has found out that, in cases of debility and premature decay, Hostetten's Stomach BITTERS is the true life-sustaining cordial. This tonic is a powerful and perfectly harmless restorative. But it does more than invigorate, It regulates and purifies. While it builds up the strength and infuses vitality into the blood, it brings all the secretions into harmony with the laws of health. The feebler sex find it invaluable in the various physical difficulties to which their organization renders them subject. In all hysterical and hypochondrical cases its effect is magical. The infirmities of age are alleviated by its use; and where the circulation is torpid, and there is a terdency to paralysis, Hoster-TER'S BITTERS are i commended as a means of reinvigorating the system and prolonging life.

At this season of the year particularly, when midsummer's scorching heat does so much towards reducing the vital energies of the body, this inestimable tonic and sto quehic produces a wonderful effect. By it the evength is increased, the appetite preserved, and firmness and elasticity given to the system.

A GENTLEMAN of great medical knowledge says that a more genial, wholesome, and effectual tonic and appetizer than Drake's Celebrated Plantation Bitters was never discovered. He recommends it for Dyspepsia, for Liver Complaint, for Exhaustion, Weakness, for a Want of Appetite, and for Mental Depression. It is an agreeable stimulant, and is equally adapted to young and old. Persons of sedentary habits, like clergymen, lawyers, merchants, and delicate females, are particularly benefited by its use.

MAGNOLIA WATER.-A delightful toilet article-superior to Cologne and at half the

BEAUTIFUL HAIR .- Chevalier's Life for the Hair positively restores grey hair to its original color and youthful beauty; imparts life, strength, and growth to the weakest hair, stops its falling out at once; keeps the head clean; is unparalleled as a bair-dressing. Sold by all druggists, fashionable hair-dressers, and dealers in fancy goods. The trade supplied by the wholesale druggists.

SARAH A. CHEVALIER, M. D., New York,

CANCER, SCROFULA, AND GOITRE.—No combi-nation of medicines has ever been so successful in removing the e diseases as DE JAYNE'S AL-TERATIVE. It has effected cures truly astonishing, not only of Cuncerand other disorders of that class, but has removed the most stubborn Discases of the Skin, Swellings, Liver Complaint, Dys-pepsia, etc. etc. This medicine enters into the circulation, and eradicates diseases wherever located. It purifies the blood and other fluids of the body; removes obstruction in the pores of the skin; and reduces the enlargements of the glands or bones; it increases the appetite, removes headache and drowsiness, invigorates the whole system, and imparts animation to the constitution. There is nothing superior to it in the whole Materia Medica. Prepared only at No. 242 Chesnut street.

THERE is no business or branch of trade in which skill, knowledge, and enterprise are more essential than in the drug business; nor is more essential than in the drug dualness, nor is there any branch of human industry in which more charistanism and imposture prevail. It is, therefore, to the interest of the public to carefully discriminate between the true and false druggist. This can easily be done by a simple practical application of that rule which is as true in matters of business as morals. "By simple practical application of that rule which is as true in matters of business as morals, "By their fruits (or results) you shall know them." Judged by this rule, Helmbold is a true druggist, and those well-known medicines, known as "Helmbold's Preparations," are legitimate remedies. These latter have been before the public prominently for many years, and have been universally basessful; the Extract of Brother remedies. been universally successful; the Extract of Buchu, especially, has secured the public confi-dence. For its appropriate diseases it is without a rival.—Daily Tribunc, N. Y.

LYONS' MAGNETIC INSECT POWDER, for kill ing Fleas, Moths, Roaches, and Bugs. The original and only sure article. Sold by all respectable dealers.

Porcelain Pictures only \$1, at B. F. Reimer's Gallery, No. 621 Arch street, Call and examine specimens. Velvet and other cases n hand.

NOTWITHSTANDING the warm weather and | the great duliness of affairs generally, subscriptions to the Washington Library Company, in sid of the Riverside Institute, are rapidly pouring in. The excellence of the finely executed engravings given with each share of stock is more than an inducement to subscribe towards this benevolent object. These same engravings are selling at retail at fifty per cent, more than it costs those who purchase stock. Besides this, a present is guaranteed for each certificate of stock held. The engravings may be seen at the principal office, No. 1225 Chesnut street, and at all the local agencies.

DEPOT FOR THE SALE of Lash's Five-dollar Washing Machines, Clothes-Wringers, and Step Ladders, No. 727 Market street, Philadelphia. J. S. LASH & Co.

WATER-COOLERS FOR THE MILLION.—Refrigerators, Moth-proof Cuests, Ice-Cream Freezers, etc., at F. S. Farson & Co.'s Marufactory, No. 220 Dock street.

FIFTY different styles and sizes of Refrige rators, prices from \$7 upwards. E. S. FARSOL & Co., Manufacturers, No. 230 Dock street, below

Ho! FOR ATLANTIC CITY AND CAPE MAY.— Gentlemen's Linen Drawers, \$1.75. Gentlemen's Gauze Shirts, \$1.00. Gentlemen's Linen Collars, \$2.50 per dozen. McIntire & Bro., 1035 Chesnut street.

Es THE ORDER OF THE DAY.

Es The Order of the Day.

Es The Order of the Day.

Linen, Alpaca, and Duck, "Es Linen, Alpaca, and Duck," Es Linen, Alpaca, and Duck, "Es Linen, Alpaca, and Duck," Es Linen, Alpaca, and Duck, "Es Linen, Alpaca, and Duck," Es Linen, Alpaca, and Duck, "Es Linen, Alpaca, and Duck," Estates, Alpaca, and Duck, "Estates, Alpaca, and Duck," Estates, Alpaca, Al

Prices Undernably Lonest, who Wanamaken & Brown, The Largest Clothing House of Phila., S. E. Corner of Sixth and Market Streets. Note.—Lines Dusters Sacks and Alpacas by the

JONES & THACHER, Printers, 510 Minor St.

MARRIED.

ALKINS-DUBOSQ.-On the 5th instant, by Rev. Andrew Manship, Mr. GEORGE E. ALKINS, of Phi-adelphia, to Miss LIZZIE DUBOSQ, of Montgomery

EVANS-MULLEN.—On the 7th instant, at Potts-town, by the Rev. George F. Miller, Mr. REECE C. EVANS to Miss SARAH ANN MULLEN, both of STORY-HERSEY.-On the 6th of June, by the Rev. J. H. Peters, GEORGE W. STORY, of this city. to Miss MARTHA J. HERSEY, of Delaware.

DIED. GOULD .- On the 5th instant, MARY, wife of Charles

Gould, Sr., in the 63d year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the multy are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of her husband. Sharpnack street, Germantown, on Thursday, the 11th instant, at 2 o'clock P. M., without further notice.

SNYDER.—On the morning of the 9th instant, ELI-ZABETH, wife of Jacob Snyder, in the 7th year of her age.
The relatives and friends of the family are respect-

The relatives and friends of the family are respectively invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 1136 Pearl street, on Friday morning at 7½ o'clock, without further notice.

YEAGER.—On the 9th instant, Mr. JOHN GEORGE, YEAGER, after a lingering illness, aged 53 years.

The relatives and friends are respectantly invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, No. 1632 N. Fourth street, on Friday morning, the 12th instant, at 743 o'clock.

SYNOFTICAL NEEDLE-CASES ARE NEATLY ornamented, and contain four sizes of needles, ornamented, and contain four sizes of needles, each in its separate and convenient holder. They are not costly, and every orderly housewife should have one for her work basket. Sold by TRUMAN & SHAW, No. 825 (Eight Thirty-five) Market St., below Ninth.

LUMBER MEASURERS' STICKS AND canes of several forms. A variety of Yard-sticks, Rules, Tailors' Squares, Steel squares, and Tape Measures, for sale by TRUMAN & SHAW, No. 835 (Eight Thirty-five) Market St., below Ninth. CHREDS OF THREADS, SCRAPS OF

paper, plus, needles, dirt, and dust are all gathered up by the Patent Carpet Sweeper, quite as well as in sweeping with a broom, and with no injury to the nap of the carpet. For sale by

TRUMAN & SHAW,

No. 835 (Eight Thirty-five) Market St., below Ninth.

INSURE YOUR LIFE IN THE AMERICAN

Life Insurance Company, OF PHILADELPHIA.

OFFICE, S. E. CORNER FOURTH AND WALNUT WARBURTON'S IMPROVED VENTIinted and Easy-fitting DRESS HATS (patented),
in all the approved fashions of the season, CHESNUT
Street, next door to the Post Office.

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JONES, TEMPLE & CO.,
FASHIONABLE HATTERS,
No. 25 S. NINTH Street,
First Store above Chestout street. [43]

FOSTER.

PASHIONABLE HATTER, No. 7 S SIXTH Street. O H N S T O N & S E L D E N 41 6m5p] Attorneys at Law and Solicitors in Bankruptcy, No. 434 WALNUT Street, Philadelphia. [6 10 3m Ex-Gov. W. F. JOHNSTON. GEO. S. SELDEN.

TORENCH CIRCULATING LIBRARY .-PAUL E, GIRARD,
FRENCH BOOKSELLER, STATIONER AND
ENGRAVER,
No. 202 S. ELEVENTH Street
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RODGERS'AND WOSTENHOLM'S POCKET KNIVES, Pearl and Stag Handles, of beautiful finish. RODGERS' and WADE & BUTCHER'S RAZORS, and the celebrated LECOULTRE RAZOR. SCISSORS of the finest quality.

Razori, Knives, Scissors, and Table Cutlery Ground and Pollahed at P. MADEIRA'S, No. 115 TENTH Street, below Chesnut.

2 8 2017

DEAFNESS - EVERY INSTRUMENT THAT Discience and skill have invented to assist the hearing in every degree of deafness; also, Respirators; also, Crandall'a Paient Crutches, superior to any others in use, at P. Madelra's, No. 115 TENTH Street, below Chasnut.

TO HOUSEKEEPERS AND INVALIDS .-The undersigned respectfully calls the attention of the public to the stock of Prime Cider and Pure Cider Vinegar for pickilog and general family used its, to his popular "Tonic Ale," free from all imposities, and endorsed by the medical faculty as a said and wholesome beverage for weak and delicate con-

Delivered free of charge to all parts of the city.
P. J. JORDAN,
No. 420 PEAR Street,
11 5550 Below Third, and Walnut and Dock. 600 ARCH STREET.

CROQUET PLAYERS. GARES

\$7.50, \$10.00, AND \$12.00. GRIFFITH & PAGE.

NO. 600 ARCH STREET. MONEY TO ANY AMOUNT LOANED COPIE OF THE BOARD CANCELL STREET, JEW JONES & CO.'S
OLD ESTABLISHED LOAN OFFICE, COPIE OF THE BOARD CONTROL OF THE BOARD COPIE N. B.-DIAMONDS WATCHES, JEWELRY, GUNS, ETC.

REMARKABLY LOW PRICES.

BAUCH'S RAW SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME. The great Fertilizer or all crops. Quick in its action, and permanent in its effects. Established over twelve years.

Dealers supplied by the cargo, direct from the wharf of the manufactory, on liberal terms.

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Office No. 20 South DELAWARE A venu
Philadein GET THE BEST.—THE HOLY BIBLE—HARDG ing's Editions—Family, Pulpit and Pocket Bibles,
in beautiful styles of Turkey Morocco and antique
bindings. A new edition, arranged for photographic
portraits of families.

WM. W. HARDING, Publisher,
Re. 206 CHESKUT Street, Below Fourth.

THIRD EDITION FOURTH EDITION FIFTH EDITION

THE TRIAL OF JOHN H. SURRATT.

Washington, July 10.—The trial of John H. Surratt was resumed this morning: Messrs. Carrington, Pierrepont, and Wilson for the prosecution, and Messrs. Merrick and Bradley, 8r. and Jr., for the delense. The prisoner was brought into Court at it o'clock A. M., and the Court was opened, and the jurors called at 10'15 A. M.

Thomas J. Raybold sworn—The witness lives at No. 65 North Howard street Baltimore, and was at No. 65 North Howard street Baltimore, and was at Pord's Theatre on the 14th of Acril, 1855; had charge of the front of the theatre, and was also in charge of the front of the theatre, and was also in charge of the President's family that night to a messenger; the main door leading from the vestibule to the theatre was closed by the witness, and locked at about 1 o'clock A. M. on that day, and placed the key'in his money drawer; hir taitz called afterwards togo into the theatre: the witness undeked the door and it him pass in; if remained open a few minutes, and was then locked, and the key again put away; the doors leading to the stage were all fastened on the inside; the witness had charge of the snuitorium, and the private boxes were in a bad condition; they were injured during Mrs. Howers' engagement.

The witness went to box 8 to above a zentleman in

leading to the stage were all fastened on the inside; the witness hand charge of the suditorium, and the private boxes were in a bad condition: they were injured during Mrs. Bowers' engagement.

The witness were in a bad condition: they were injured during Mrs. Bowers' engagement.

The witness were in a bad condition: they were injured during Mrs. Bowers' engagement.

The witness was in front of the theatre witness broke the door open to allow the gentleman to go in. The witness was in front of the theatre several times on the evening of the assassination; was not ont between the second and third acts. The witness directed a black man to go the room and get a chair and piace it in the box. There was a soft, a small arm chair, and a rocking chair in the box. There was a soft, a small arm chair, and a rocking chair in the box. The rocking chair had long rockers and was placed behind the door. The witness never saw the prisoner at the bar before, The outer door leading to the boxes never had a fastening on it.

Crost-examined by Mr. Pierrepout—The witness never saw the bar, but saw the hole in the wa'; the series were in the keeper, hanging on the door; the rehearsal commenced about it o'clock; the rehearsal did not commence at 10 o'clock; the witness came to the theatre that morning between 8 and 6 o'clock, did not state before the conspiracy commission teat the rehearsal commenced at in c'clock; the witness saw the rehearsal ging on at fifteen minutes past it: thought it took ab u. three hours; went to his dinner about 4 o'clock that afternoon; was about the theatre until that time, and the witness duties required him to be in the office; witness was on the scout of the theatre was but one door to enter the theatre during the play; after the play was over four doors were pushed in and out during rehearsal; the first scone was about twenty feet from the footilizate; there was but one door was need for an entrance; the stage entram ewas on the south of the theatre witness first left theatre in the morning to go to

over heard his reputation for truth and restloned. By Mr. Carrington—The witness was an officer here,

By Mr. Carrington—The witness was an officer here, and well acquainted in the city.

By Mr. Merrick—During the pursuit of the men charged with the assassination, did you meet Lee in the lower part of Maryland?

Q. Did he tell you ne did not know John H. Surratt and had never seen him?

The question raised out by the Court.

V. B. Munson sworn—The witness is a clerk in the War Department; knew John Lee; his reputation as a man of truth is bad, and would not believe his oath in a case of life and death.

Cross-examined,—Witness is a clerk in the same department with Mr. Calvert. Who testified yesterday; never talked much with Calvert about Lee; witness business during the war was to pay rewards for the apprehension of 2-serters; he saw Lee frequently at the Department; with 's would believe him in trivial matters, perhaps, but not in acrious business, and in general business the witness would believe him if there was no inducement for aim to speak laisely.

By Mr. Merrick—It the witness was to be held responsible for the truth or falsehood of what Lee said, whether under oath or not, the witness would not believe him.

Lemuel L. Orme sworn—Lives in Prince George

whether under oath or not, the witness would not bell-vehim.

Lempel L. Orme sworn-Lives in Prince George county; I am a farmer and trader; the witness knows John F. Thoets; his reputation for truth and veracity is very bac; the witness keep bim from a boy; would a otbelleve his oatt; Tibbets first wason the southern side, and afterwards on the Union side; the winess trice during the war to keep between both parties.

Cross-examined—The witness don't know whom he has heard speak til of him, except the winess brother; since ha was grown up he n-ver had a good character; he was never speaken of as a good man, and never heard hom called a gentlemann he owed the witness brother George money, which he refused to pay.

to pay.

By Mr. Bradley—The witness can't remember individuals' names who spoke of alm before the war, but

By Mr. Bradley—The witness can't remembor individuals' names who spoke of him before the war, but his character was bad generally in the community; the witness testified at the conspiracy trial; the witness these testified at the conspiracy trial; the witness heard the names of the conspirators who were being tried; the witness then testified against the character of Mr. Thomas.

Witham J. Wats in sworn—The witness resides in Prince George county; the witness knows John F. Tibbets; his father is the witness knows John F. Tibbets; his father is the witness knows John F. Tibbets; his father is the witness knows John F. Tibbets; his father is the witness knows John F. Tibbets; his father is the witness knows John F. Tibbets; his father is the witness knows John F. Tibbets, but don't know anything about that tibbets grandmother and Tibbets' great grandmother were cousins, but don't know anything about that: Tibbets never told the witness that Mrs. Surratt would give \$1000 to any one who would kill Lincoln.

The witness had a conversation with Tibbets about Mrs. Surratt iast April; it was in regard to the quarrel going on in the House of Representatives between Mr. Butter and Mr. Bingham; he took sides with Mr. Butter and Mr. Surratt was innocent.

By Mr. Merrick—Do you know Tibbets' character? Witness—I had rather be excused from answering. Cross-examined—The witness testified at the Conspiracy trial; Tibbets nover called the witness uncle; some few call witness uncle on account of the witness' age; witness took Mr. Bingham's side in the conversation with Mr. Tibbets, and held that Mrs. Surratt was guilty; witness thinks so now.

By Mr. Merrick—Do you know Tibbets character for truth and veracity?

Witness—I do not wish to say; his father is my institute friend, pnd a good man; he is my near neighbor.

Mr. Merrick—Answer the question.

neighbor.
Mr. Merrick—Answer the question.
Witress—I must say his character is bad for truth Wircess-I must say his character is had for truth and versorty.

B. J. Naylor sworn-The witness lives in Prince Georges' county, lives near Mr. Waison; witness is a farmer; knows John F. Tibbets in father lives near witness; John T. Tibbets' character is bad in that neighborhood; the witness would not believe him on his oath; would not believe him on his oath; would not believe him on the oath; would not believe him on one of the witness lives in Oquesco District, Prince Georges county; has lived there nearty all his life; John F. Tibbets was raised near there; witness knows him; his character for truth is bad; witness would not believe him on his oath.

Cross-examined—Tibbets has dealt with the witness Cross-examined—Tibbets has dealt with the witness; he has owed witness money, and witness got it through law; witness talked about Tibbets in the neighborhood; Tibbets was in the war; the witness was opposed to accession and also to coertion; did not like to see fighting; Tibbets learned the blacksmithing trade of his lather; witness was not in either army; he was opposed to the lighting, and believes the troubles of the country could have been better settled without restring.

country could have been better was that same in the neighborhood before the war; he kent doing bad things all the time; he got money out of various people by farehood.

By Mr. Pierrepont—Tibbets showed witness horses, and when witness and he met they were friendly as brotheraup to last fall; there was no ill feeling between us; when wa would meet at the Post-Office there was no difficulty between us.

The Court took the usual release of half an hour.

HORRIBLE MURDER AT WHEELING.

Body of a Man Found in a Railroad Culvert-His Hend Severed from the Bady. The Wheeling Intelligencer of Monday gives the following particulars of a horrible murder recently committed in that city:—This commu-nity was startled on Saturday last, to learn that a murdered man had been found concealed in a a murdered man had been found concealed in a stone cuivert on the Hempfield Railroad, a short distance beyond the east end of the tunnel. Justice Johnson having been notified, proceeded to the spot and empanelled a jury.

The head was lying by the side of the body, and had, in all probability, been cut off with some sharp instrument. It was decayed so much, however, that it was impossible to say what instrument had been used; nor, from the same cause, was it possible to tell anything about the features of the murdered man, by which he might be identified. On the right arm were two cuts, and one across the palm of the left band, received probably in the death struggle. The body was dressed in a fine black cloth ieft hand, received probably in the death struggle. The body was dressed in a fine black cloth frock cost, vest and shirt, coarse, dark grey pantalogus, and coarse boots and woollen socks. The peckets of the pantalogus and coat were turned inside out and had evidently been rifled; in the vest pockets, however, there were found a case of sadsler's needles and a ticket for dinner on the Parkersburg Packet Express. A vertical large-sized pocket kulfs was found on ner on the Parkersburg Packet Express. A rather large-sized pocket knife was found on the ground by the side of the body, where it had probably fallen when the pockets were emptied. There were no marks of blood on it to indicate that it had been used. The jury found a verdict in accordance with the facts. The corpse was interred, by order of the Justice, on Saturday evening. The corpse was intered, by order of the Justice, on Saturday evening.

The body is supposed to be either that of John Andrews, a basket-maker of Wheeling, who mysteriously disappeared two weeks ago, or that of Aloysius Uirich, of Parkersburg.

FROM WASHINGTON THIS AFTERNOON.

[SPECIAL DESPATCRES TO EVENING TELEGRAPH.] WASHINGTON, July 10.

The Senate Reconstruction Bill. So many Senators have expressed a desire to speak upon the Supplementary Reconstruction bill, that it is doubtful if a vote is reached upon it this week.

The Impeachment Evidence. The printed evidence before the Judiciary Committee amounts to about eight hundred

A circular has been sent to all Republican Congressmen by leading Republicans of Wash-ington, proposing to build a mammoth hotel on Pennsylvania avenue as the Republican head-quarters, if one hundred Republican Congressmen will pledge their patronage The October Session. Mr. Boutwell will, to-day, report from the Judiciary Committee a resolution for a meeting of Congress in October, to take up the impeachment question; four of the Committee—a majority—concur with him, and Mr. Wilson, chairman, disagreeing. Mr. Boutwell will maintain that the senate is bound to agree to this meeting of Congress for the House to deal with the impeachment question.

The Herald-Stevens Gossip. The New York Herald gessip in regard to statements of Mr. Stevens concerning his colleagues, has made so much mischief that Mr. Steveus rose in his seat to-day to make a formal denial of having made such state-

EXTRA SESSION OF CONGRESS.

Washington, July in.—Immediately after the reading of the journal, Mr. Summer (Mass.) moved that the Senate proceed to the consideration of his resolution to rescind the resolution of Friday last.

Mr. Summer, speaking on his motion, said the resolution of Friday was adopted under a misapprenension.

Mr. Sumber, speaking on his motion, said the resolution of Friday was adopted under a misapprolension.

Mr. Trumbuli (III.) raised a question of order that discussion was not in order until the Senate decided to take up the resolution.

The Chair decided Mr. Sumner in order, and he proceeded with his remarks, stating that the resolution of Friday was adopted onder a misuaderstanding of a precedent quoted from Mr. Clay in the Twenty-seventh Congress; and reading from the Globe to establish his position, he showed that at the session alluded to one hour was given each day for the consideration of miscellaneous business.

Mr. Fessenden (Me.), demed that the action of the senate on Friday was based on the precedent quoted by Mr. Sumner. It would be seen that in all the opposition to the resolution of Mr. Clay, there was oothing urged against its unconstitutionality. It was a mere matter of business as to the propriety, of which each Senator must decide for himself. He did not believe that the Senate voted under any missperiebension on Friday, out that each member knew precisely what he was voting upon.

Mr. Sumner resumed the floor in favor of hir resolution, and after further remarks from him the Senate refused to take up the resolution.

On motion of Mr. Trumbuli, the Reconstruction bill which was under discussion yesterday was taken up.

Mr. Howard (Mich.) took the floor. He was giad,

bill which was under discussion yesterday was taken up.

Mr. Howard (Mich.) took the floor. He was giad, he said, that the Senate had proceeded at this early moment to the consideration of this bill. The peculiar views taken by the Attorney-General of the United States on the Reconstruction acts of Congress, and the apprehension of the members of this body, at least a majority of them, that the President of the United States in the execution of these acas may be governed by the conclusions at which his legal adviser has arrived, has doubtless been the great cause for the reassembling of Congress on the 31 of July He (Mr. Howard) proposed to ask the indulg nee of the Senate for a few minutes in reviewing some of the arguments of the Attorney-General respecting the meaning and intent of the acts of Reconstruction already in existence-

House of Representatives.

On motion of Mr. Dawes (Mass.) the time for taking testimony in the K-niucky contested election cases was extended till the list of December next.

Mr. Dawes having withdrawn his objection to the request of Mr. Nicholson to be excussed from further service on the Committee on Electious, Mr. Nicholson was excused.

Mr. Shanks (Ind.) asked leave to offer a preamble and set of resolutions reciting that there has not been any thorough and systematic investigation of the treatment of Union prisoners of war by the Confederate Government and people, and that it is important that such investigation shall be had and a record thereof made, and resolving that a select committee of five be appointed to make such investigation and to record the facts and report the same to the House to record the fac's and report the same to the House at any time, with such recommendations as may seem proper, with power to send for persons and papers, to appoint a cierk and stemographer, and to report an act of grace and amnesty for witnesses who may be her. Wood (N. Y.) objected to the introduction of the

Br. Wood (N. Y.) objected to the introduction of the resolutions

Mr. Shanks moved to suspend the rules.

Mr. Stevens (Pa.) inquired of Mr. Shanks whether the investigation should not be referred to the Select Committee appointed last Monday, on motion of Mr. Butler, in reference to the assessination conspiracy.

Mr. Shanks thought not, as that committee had already as much business as it could attend to.

The question on suspending the rules was taken by yeas and nays and resulted yeas 79, nays 28. So the rules were suspended, and the resolutions introduced.

Mr. Dawes called attention to the resolution promising grace and amnesty, and which was copied from that offered the other day by Mr. Butler. It attempted to piedge the faith of the Government, not only that no person shall have used against him the evidence that he may give before the Committee, but that he shall not be tried at all on any evidence from any source.

Mr. Shauks admitted that the resolution was faulty,

and said he would withdra v it.

Mr. Spaiding (Onio) argued that the subject should be referred to Mr. Butler's select committee, expressing his opposition to the appointment of so many select committees.

Mr. Shanks demanded the previous question on the acoption of the resolutions. The previous question was reconded. The joint resolution authorizing the appointment of the committee was adopted: -yeas, too, nays, 2s.
The second resolution, authorizing the committee send for persons and papers, was adopted without

The third resolution, promising grace and amnesty to witnesses implicated in the crime, and which had not been withdrawn but simply modified by Mr. Shanks, was rejected:—yeas, 77: nays, 76.

The preamble was then agreed to, after being modified.

From the Plains Outrage by Soldiers, St. Louis, July 10.-An Omaha despatch say that on Saturday morning some soldiers from Fort Laramie went to Rafferty's Ranche, eight Fort Laramie went to Railerty's Ranche, eight miles distant, demanded whisky, and being refused, threatened to burn the ranche. A second demand being refused, the soldiers attacked the storekeeper, and one of their number was shot. The soldiers then formed in line and fired several shots at the ranche. Subsequently the Provost Marshal, with fifty soldiers, arrested the occupants of the ranche, and took the safe and desk out of the building. The safe was afterwards robbed, and the ranche safe was afterwards robbed, and the ranche afterwards burned by the soldiers. The proprietor estimates his loss at sixty thousand dollars. A Court Mariial at Fort Laramie was inquiring into the matter. Indian depredations are again reported on

the Platte river.
Lieutenant Kidder, and a guide, who left Fort Sedgwick an the 19th uit, with despatches for General Custer, have not been heard from, and fears are entertained for their safety

Montreal, July 10.—The Hon. Darcy McGes, at a large meeting, gave an explanation showing that the utmost cordisity existed between him and the Government.

A resolution was passed recording the conviction of the meeting, for grave reasons, national and international, that it is most advisable that McGes should have a seat in the Cabinet of the New Dominion.

The burials here last week rose to the alarm.

From Canada:

binet of the New Bominion.

The burials here last week rose to the alarming number of 144.

An altercallon took place at Quebec yesterday, between the officer of the gunboat Aurora and the commander of the American stance thate. The officer requested the commander to take down his flag, and the American flatly refused. It is supposed that there has been some breach of marine eliquette on the part of the American commander. the American commander.

MONTERAL, July 10.—The Lieutenant-General of Quebec has sent for the Hon. M. Canchon to form a ministry. M. Cauchon at first declined, but subsequently consented to accept the task. Writs for the election will be issued about August 8.

From New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, July 16, - Madame Juarez and party, numbering afteen persons, arrived here last night, and left this morning for Vers Crus, on board the revenue cutter Wilderness, Captain Freeman. They will have slender accommodations, the vessel not being adapted for

DESTINATION OF THE SUSQUEHANNA.

She has not Been Sent to Vera Crus-She is to Cruise in the Guil of Mexico. [SPECIAL DESPATCH TO THE EVENING TELEGRAPS.]

WASHINGTON, July 10 .- The statement that the Susquehanna has been sent to Vera Cruz with sealed orders, and a peremptory demand for the release of Santa Anna, is not true. The Susquehanna has been sent to ornise in the Gulf of Mexico simply.

The October Session.

Mr. Boutwell has introduced, from the Judiciary Committee, the resolution for a meeting of Congress on the 16th of October. It will pass the House, but its passage by the Senate is not certain at present.

[BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.] Santa Anna to be Taken from the Mexicans.

New York, July 10-3-15 P. M .- The Commercial's special despatch says the Government has ordered the Susquehauna to proceed immediately to a Mexican port, and demand the surrender of Santa Anna, and to take him dead or alive, and also to demand satisfaction for his seizure.

The Trial of Maximilian.

NEW ORLEANS, July 10.-The Brownsville ings of the court-martial that tried Maximilian

and his Generals.

The court was composed of a lieutenant-colonel acting as president, six captains, and the judge advocate, Lieutenant-Colonel Manuel Aspieroz.

The prisoners were tried separately. In each case they presented a plea denying the jurisdiction of the court, and protesting against the

diction of the court, and protesting against the refusal of the right of appeal.

Maximilian was confined to his bed when his case was called up, his trial being the last. He was ably defended by Senor Eulalco Ortega, who refuted the charges of isurpation and cruelty, and said the law of October 3d was made when Maximilian was cheated into the belief that Juarez had abandoned the territory, and that one of the articles of that law was distated by the French commander-in-chief. He said, moreover, that the law was only intended as a terror, as there had never been a petition for pardon presented but it was conceded.

He earnestly asked the members of the court,

for pardon presented but it was conceded.

He earnestly asked the members of the court, in the name of civilization and of history, which will judge of the terrible deeds done this day, as the defenders of the second independence of Mexico, to save the good name of the country in the eyes of coming generations. They will forever applaud it as the crowning of the greatest of victories, and the precedent of pardons. Amongst the accusations against Maximilian were the following:—for attempting to prolong the war by the decree of March 7th, creating a regency in case of his death in the coming battles. 7th, creating a regency in case of his death in the coming battles,
Jesus Maria Vasquez, one of Maximilian's counsel, closed his argument as follows:—"If you condemn the Archduke to death, I am not uneasy about a coalition in Europe, or the threatening attitude that the United States may assume towards the republic. I have confidence in the Liberal armies that have rooted out the French from the sol; but I fear the universal reproach that will fall upon our country as an anathema more than even the sentence of death, because of the nullity of the proceed-

death, because of the nullity of the proceed-ings of this Court " The Court commenced at 8 A. M. on the 13th, and went into secret session on the evening of the 14th. It dissolved at 10 o'clock the same

Philada, Stock Exchange Sales, July 10

Philadelphia Trade Report. WEDNESDAY, July 10 .- There is very little Flour coming forward and the high grades of spring and winter wheat family are scarce, and command relatively high prices; the demand

however, is limited, and confined entirely to

the wants of the home trade; small sales of

superfine, at \$8@8.50 @ barrel; extras, \$9@9.50. superfine, at \$8@8.50 \(\) barrel; extras, \$9@9.50. Northwestern extra family, \$9.75@11.50, the latter an advance; \$10@12.50 for Pennsylvania do. do.; and \$14@16.50 for fancy lots, according to quality. There is no change in Rye Flour or Corn Meal; small sales of the former at \$7.

There is a fair inquiry for good Wheat, but cemmen qualities are dull. Sales of 1000 bushels fair and good red at \$2.30@2.7714 \(\) bushel. Rye commands \$1.50@152. Corn is scarce and higher. Sales of 3000 bushels yellow at \$1.14@1.16. an advance of 2 cents. Oats are 2 cents \(\) bushel higher, and 20,000 bushels Pennsylvania sold at 88@90 cents.

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Whisky—Prices are nominally unchanged. HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS

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